

School Perimeter Defense Systems: Financing, Building and Implementing

Before I get into this article, I thank all here on Survivopedia that read [my article on how to stop school shootings](#), offered comments, and just as importantly, shared it on Facebook.

Without your interest and dedication, it is impossible to have a constructive and useful conversation on how to address school shootings and other threats in the most effective manner.

As I read through your comments, I noticed that many people would have been interested in building a perimeter defense, but cited cost and difficulty of implementation as reasons to choose other options.

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I also offer my gratitude to my editors here at Survivopedia for publishing this article and for their efforts in giving preppers a chance to weigh in on a matter that truly is about how we can best stay safe and alive in these challenging times.

It is my sincere hope that this article offers some viable

answers that will move installing perimeter defenses to the top of the list of options for stopping not only shootings on school grounds; but also preventing other dangers from getting into the schools as well. In fact, even as I write this, threats to schools have taken on two more sadistic, but not necessarily unexpected twists.

- First, since the massacre in Parkland Florida, dozens to hundreds of false reports and alarms have been called in across the nation. This has led to an enormous increase in effort by law enforcement officers trying to keep abreast of these threats and figure out which ones are creditable.
- Second, there is a distinct uptick in bombs and [bomb related threats](#) to schools. For example, on Monday, March 7th, a teenage boy was arrested for trying to detonate a bomb at the Pine Haven High School in St. George Utah. If that isn't bad enough, there are indicators that the boy was, at the very least, sympathetic to ISIS. While the children at the school were spared this time, there is no doubt people determined to destroy our nation will continue to see gun free zones and schools as their best target. There is also no doubt in my mind that the best answer is a perimeter defense and rigorous investigation of all people going onto the school grounds. In this case, the bomb would never have gotten in let alone been sitting there smoking and ready to explode.

While gun grabbers won't talk about this story or admit it, the fact remains this event could have killed far more children than the ones slaughtered in Parkland and other gun related massacres put together.

These very same gun grabbers will also go on sticking their heads in the sand and continue blaming guns even though a far greater threat may be overshadowing our schools and our

nation.

Threats the Perimeter System Must Address

Aside from stopping a potential shooter from getting onto the school grounds or into a building, a perimeter system must also be able to address the following threats:

- The gates and fence materials should be strong enough to withstand being breached by vehicles.
- The perimeter must be difficult to climb over or throw things over such as bombs or other explosive devices.



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- There must be adequate surveillance and weapons available to detect and shoot down drones that may be used to gather sensitive information about the school,

- or carry bombs, gas bombs, guns, and other weapons.
- If a threat does get through the perimeter system, or something dangerous occurs from inside the school, it must be easy enough to get the students off the ground as quickly and efficiently as possible.
- Prevent or deter computer oriented hacks that cause students to respond to false alarms or other situations that lead them into danger by existing the campus.

Perimeter System Problems to Overcome

Even though a robust perimeter system with checkpoints can eliminate some of the most common dangers to our schools, there are shortcomings that must be dealt with in order to make the work within our society.

Contrary to the beliefs of many, addressing these problems is not likely to come with a significant cost increase over other design options:

Must be possible to quickly and effectively search vehicles and people without creating delays and disruptions. Electronics based technologies used in airports can be used to some extent. Unfortunately, as we have seen in the last few weeks, even teachers and students that belong in the school can bring in weapons from guns to bombs.

The bottom line is everyone (and their vehicles) that wants to enter the school grounds will need to be identified, logged in, and searched before they can proceed. At the beginning, it will take larger numbers of trained people to conduct searches during peak traffic hours.

Jobless veterans, student loan borrowers who cannot make payments on their debt, and others who are currently unemployed can all be trained to do this job.

Even though it will take time to implement the following, wild mustangs that are already languishing at taxpayer expense can also be trained to sniff out bombs, guns, drugs, and anything else rapidly and effectively.

In fact, horses may be more effective than dogs because they are larger animals and their noses are at the optimal height for detecting odors from vehicles as well as at the ground level.

Since the federal government is already paying for the care, upkeep, and training of wild horses gathered from taxpayer lands, it only requires a shift in the budget to subsidize placing and caring for them on school properties that can accommodate them.

- Inner boundary of the perimeter defense must be customizable in order to create a relaxed and comfortable setting for the students and staff members. Even though many parts of the fence will need to be constructed from cement, steel, and other durable materials, there is no harm in adding an inner layer of wood that can be painted with different designs by the students. If the inner level is designed correctly, there is a chance the students will hardly realize the fence is there even as it does its job of protecting them and the school from bombers, shooters, kidnappers, terrorists, and other criminals.
- Area around the outer perimeter will need to be free of trees or anything else that might act as cover for snipers or drone launchers (thankyou again, "Rock Bennett" for bringing this to my attention in your comments!). Initially, some schools may need to secure additional easements from neighboring properties. It is also very likely that some very large trees will need to be taken down. Unfortunately, this can cost hundreds to thousands of dollars for a single tree. Professional landscapers with the appropriate tools and equipment

could always be given tax writeoffs or other incentives in combination with a percentage of the usual payment. Some incentives might include easements that would make it easier for them to operate their businesses, or other items of interest to them.

- Students and staff should feel comfortable and safe with the new changes to the school and protocols designed to keep everyone safe. This is another area where horses (and dogs if horses are not suitable to the setting) can be of tremendous value. Aside from wild mustangs, retired race horses can also be used by gate and fence custodians. If there is one symbol in our culture that is adored by children and teens of all ages – it is horses. They are one of the most iconic symbols of goodness in literature, and can go a long way towards being ambassadors for the perimeter defense program during the adaption phase.

It should also be noted that even to this day, horses routinely patrol in complex city settings where vehicles or foot patrols are not possible or efficient. When it comes to a school setting, they can enable easy and rapid patrol of the entire fence perimeter, and also make it easier for riders to deploy rapidly in the event of natural emergencies or disasters to areas inside the building.

3 Ways to Obtain Raw Materials and Tools at Little or No Additional Cost

It is difficult to come up with a cost for building a perimeter around each school because of the variances in the area to be fenced in and the nature of the ground itself. That being said, the basic materials will be pretty much the same no matter where the fence need to be installed.

Here are some ways to obtain these materials at a lower cost:

- Make use of military surplus from closed bases. Chances are, you would be amazed at the number of closed military bases where raw materials are literally wasting away instead of being put to good use in school perimeter systems. Since taxpayer money was already spent for these supplies, it should only take a bit of legislative action to make the materials available to the school districts at no additional cost.
- Do the same with seized materials from citizens and businesses. Did you know that millions of dollars worth of vehicles, construction materials, land, and buildings are seized from citizens? Typically, these items are auctioned off so that the public can buy them at a reduced cost when compared to the going market price for similar items. No matter whether these items are seized in drug raids or other events, many of these items can be used to build, maintain, and even patrol school defense perimeters. As a case in point, fences made from suitable materials can be torn down and used around the schools instead. All kinds of high tech surveillance equipment may also be available, not to mention computer systems, drones, and other resources. Instead of trying to auction these materials to the public, both state and federal agencies can simply donate them to the school district instead.
- Give construction and other industries a 100% direct tax writeoff for donating extra supplies and tools that can still be used. There is no such thing as a construction project that doesn't have some kind of overrun or leftover material. Giving construction and related businesses a way to recap their expenditure while clearing their headquarters is sure to be an incentive. At the same time, the school district will get the benefit of brand new materials, including some that are cutting edge and innovative.

Possible Sources of Labor for Building, Maintenance, and Patrol

As I alluded to earlier in this article, there are several sources of labor that can be used at little or no cost for building and maintaining school fence perimeters. Consider the following individuals and how putting them to work on these assignments can also benefit our economy at little or no extra cost:

Student loan borrowers

Even though jobs are coming back to our country thanks to President Trump's effort, it simply isn't happening fast enough to stem the skyrocketing interest rates and cost of defaults for student loan borrowers. The sad fact is there is 1.4 trillion dollars in student loan debt that taxpayers initially funded in good faith.



A good percentage of that 1.4 trillion dollars in debt was bought up by foreign banks, and therefore may be part of our nation's deficit to foreign countries. Since we have already spent this 1.4 (and climbing) trillion dollars, why not get something back for our money?

All we need to do is put student loan borrowers to work 20 hours a week either on building the fences, as perimeter guards, or during peak entrance hours for investigation purposes. Instead of getting a pay check, these people would simply get a reduction on their student loan debt, plus a freeze on all interest capitalizations.

In addition, after 15 years in the program, the remainder of the debt should be forgiven without the writeoff being taxed as income; provided the borrower has a viable and sustainable career track to pursue.

During that time, it should also be possible for students with junk degrees to get certifications in viable skills such as drug counseling, PTSD counseling, IT, or anything else where our nation and culture will need more hands and labor once various technologies can take the place of human hands working in the school perimeter areas.

Veterans

If there is one population that is ready, willing, and able to patrol a perimeter and make efficient check-in protocols, it is our nation's veterans.

These people already come in with useful skills and can also go a long way to keeping students safe if natural disasters occur and extra hands are needed within the building. Compensation for veterans would include a standard paycheck or other benefits that would be of interest (but currently not available) to their demographic.

Homeless people

If you do some digging in the headlines, the number of homeless people is growing at an alarming rate. Many of the homeless are not drug users, runaway teens, or others that made irresponsible decisions.

There are young mothers that lost their jobs, middle aged people that have viable skill sets but no place to work, and even people approaching retirement age that have been winnowed out. For these people, the best compensation is subsidized housing, retraining programs, and the chance to do something to put their lives back together.

The cost associated with community police moving the homeless out of areas, the cost of fires set by desperate homeless people in the cold, and other costs – it is entirely possible to shift those expenses into something productive such as building these school perimeters.

To my thinking, if we are already spending the money on this particular group of people, but not getting back full value for our money, it makes perfect sense to put them to work in an area where it is a win for the schools, the community, and the person that gets a second chance at living a normal life.

Surveillance System Resources

There is no escaping the fact that threats to our schools will evolve with the emergence and availability of various technologies and materials. It does not matter whether the attacker is sane or crazy, terrorist or misguided cult fanatic.



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Likewise it doesn't matter if they use a gun, a bomb, a drone, or some other weapon to harm our children and teachers. Invariably, even the best defense perimeter and search protocols that we can think of will be a target for those trying to get past it.

This is just one of many reasons why a comprehensive surveillance system is needed at the perimeter, on the school grounds, and in the building.

The surveillance cameras should be constantly observed by at least three teams of viewers that can call guards within the school and on the grounds to investigate immediately. Prison guards that monitor cameras, TSA camera monitors, and other surveillance professionals can all lend advice on what to look for insofar as suspicious activity as well as how best to field the information.

A comprehensive surveillance system should not stop at just a bunch of cameras and a bank of monitor screens.

Today, technology exists that enables facial recognition and comparisons. This technology should be used at every checkpoint entry to the schools. Without a question, someone like Cruz would never have gotten past this kind of system.

In a similar fashion, individuals that are on various watch lists or are listed as potentially dangerous can easily be detected and set aside for further management with these systems.

Because of the technology involved, paying for a comprehensive surveillance system is likely to be the hardest to cut costs on. That being said, seized drones, donated cell phones with good cameras, and other items can be integrated into a robust system.

Computer technician teams and others that specialize in the integrating various kinds of hardware can more than likely come up with something that integrates multiple devices. In particular, using free, open source operating systems such as Linux distros will also cut the expense in this aspect of implementation down a good to almost nothing.

No matter where you stand on gun rights, there is no question that our school age children are in extreme danger every time they step into these "gun free zones".

Just about everyone that is looking at this question from a common sense view also realizes that the threat to the children does not and will not stop at guns. We have already seen a shift towards smoke bombs and other types well within 30 days of the Parkland Florida massacre.

3 SIMPLE THINGS YOU CAN DO TONIGHT TO AVOID A BREAK-IN



This is why we must not waste time with halfway answers or ineffective ones that don't address multiple issues. A comprehensive perimeter system for the schools is not only affordable, building and maintaining it can also help us address a range of other issues within our communities.

Throughout my life, I have seen many hard times; and I have learned to see adversity, violence, and chaos as a challenge not just to be overcome, but to be used as a means to thrive.

The massacre of our children must stop, as must many other things going wrong in our society. This is the time to bring together multiple resources and realign them to make our schools safer and also put other vulnerable members of our society on a more constructive path.

It is my sincere belief that the perimeter defense using the resources outlined in this article will go a long way to achieving school safety and cultural rebuilding.