

How To DIY \$100 Expedient Medical BOB

As preppers have now realized, the emergency med bag and other related supplies are arguably the number one resource after water and food.

Consequently, the market is replete with a variety of emergency medical supplies, kits, and bags for almost any circumstance outside of a major heart transplant in the back of your pick-up truck.

Technology is improving rapidly and with the trickle-down effect of equipment and techniques used in recent warfare, now available to the civilian market, having a good B.O.M.B. can save your life if there is no immediate medical service available after SHTF.

What Would Be the Appropriate Bug Out Medical Bag (BOMB)?

The question is what do you need and how much of it should you have in a good medical kit? The answer, as usual, is... that it depends.

It depends on your personal health requirements, your particular location and situation, your physical fitness, your budget and skill/training level, and other influential variables. How much does it cost? If your first aid experience only rises to the level of the occasional band aid on a paper cut and a judicious application of sunscreen lotion at the beach, then a \$1250 Simulaids Extreme Wound Trauma kit might not be that useful to you.

[adinsert name="megadroughtusa"]However there are so many other alternative and various levels of representations of first aid kits and BOMBs that the decision requires some diligence and experience to make a suitable choice especially

when you factor in how many persons in your group and what you may encounter or be involved in. Such as if you were trying to make it in the Florida everglades, an extra amount of poisonous snake and insect bite supplies and alligator repellent would be imperative.

In this article we'll focus with the most extreme situational occurrence of a catastrophic scenario where you must evacuate a city by yourself with only what you can carry on your back.

Even if you start off in a bug out vehicle, we will assume for the purposes of discussion that you are aware of the likelihood that you won't make it out if you don't leave early enough, or the crowded road rage is so overwhelming that gridlock and mounting panic and the resultant anarchy forced you to abandon your trapped vehicle if you wanted to escape and survive at all.

Also assuming that you prepped for this contingency in having a well thought out bug out bag, with enough supply of water/nutrients and other essential supplies/equipment to get you safely to your bug out location, ideally in the form of a comfortable back pack and maybe an additional hand carry bag.

Outside of one of those little Walmart 19.95 camping first aid kits, you don't have much room on your body to carry much of anything else.

But it is exactly this type of scenario which requires a better BOMB!

If it gets that bad and you find yourself hoofing it out of Dodge (hope you have a good set of cushioned walking shoes), then you are exposed to potential dangerous and even deadly violence where you can get seriously hurt or wounded probably for the duration of your bug out trip.

As most of you already know, a situation like this cannot be survived in the 'Rambo' fashion by the average prepper. It's

best to avoid and evade anybody along your route until you get to your BOL retreat or somewhere safe to rest.

But the increased potential of desperate violence could still send a bullet flying your way and into your leg. Or it could cause you to take a hard fall while trying to run and hide, which cracks a bone in your arm or causes a deep three inch blood squirting laceration on your shin from something sharp when you hit on the ground.

So now you have a bad wound that normally would call for an ambulance and a fast trip to an ER room. In this case, your little compact happy camper Mickey Mouse mini-first aid kit with smiley face band aids just won't be much use.

And you certainly can't hand carry everything that a fully equipped ambulance is supplied with either. The trade-off would be a mission tailored more serious trauma oriented bag, mostly dedicated to combat types of wounds and a few other more serious related injuries.

If you stick to minimal essentials for the odds of a single bad event for just the bug out trip you can get away with a much lighter and compact set up that's not much bigger than one of the basic Walmart first aid kits, but is a far better bet in dangerous predicaments. These are also called GSWT (Gun Shot Trauma Wound) kits.

But let me tell you my option. Here's what I carry in my BOMB which is attached to the outside of my BOB/backpack, and is carried in my vehicle at all times.

Basic BOMB Essentials

1. Tourniquet

In the event of a bullet wound, deep laceration or bone fragmentation, the bleeding is likely to be profuse to the level of obstructing quick and effective treatment of the

wound, especially if a major vein or artery is ruptured.

A tourniquet is a way to temporarily (emphasis on temporary) 'choke off' the blood supply going to the wound to prevent bleeding out and shock and also to facilitate cleanup and closure of the wound. You must understand how to properly apply and use one.

There are different types of commercial tourniquets, but the principal is easy to DIY and improvise with rope etc. I personally like the RATS (Rapid Application Tourniquet System) for a reason I'll explain further down.

2. Compression Bandages

Most of the time, in high speed/stress emergencies where continued movement is also essential to survive, a bullet wound can be treated with a pressure bandage. It can be applied quickly and stops the bleeding enough to continue your mission if the wound is not to a vital organ or prevents walking.

And then at a later opportunity, the wound can be re-checked, and further treated. I prefer and pack the Israeli Battle Dressing.

3. Suture Kit.

Often a wound is ragged and deep and although it can be temporarily pressure bandaged to stop bleeding out, any flexing movement of the body or the skin will preclude blood clotting and normal tissue healing, so the disinfected wound must be closed properly as soon as possible to get it to heal otherwise it will keep opening up and be more prone to infection.

I prefer the EMT/EMS Skin Stapler, and there are a couple other versions.

A quick trick some experienced EMT's use in the absence of

suture time or opportunity, especially on a sharp but deep and bleeding cut/slice type wound is to pad/sponge dry and press the cut separation together and hold and then quickly squirt a line of Super glue on the cut line, then immediately press the gauze pad over the wound and hold for a few seconds. Then finish the bandage up and this should hold if you have to move fast until a later better repair can be performed.

4. Splint/Sprain Wrap

If you're like me and already 'odds opted out' in life because of all the trauma hits taken in hazardous occupation related environments, you have thus become 'hard to kill' by the usual suspects.

So I've come to profoundly realize that it likely won't be a bullet that kills me in an emergency, but it will no doubt be a fall down some dimly lit stairs, or a trip and flip over a dead zombie because I was looking too hard over my shoulder to see if I was being followed because I didn't have my glasses on.

Hard falls are common in emergency evacuations, firefights, and other such high mental and physical stress activities. Accidental falls will probably be the most common cause of bug out injury and will most likely be a strained knee or sprained ankle. So one of those elastic athletic wrap bandages on a roll to tightly wrap that knee, as well as other uses, should be included in your BOMB.

The other thing is if you take your knee completely out or break a limb—which is often worse than a [gunshot wound](#), especially if it's a compound fracture where part of the bone is protruding through the skin—and you'll need to immobilize the limb to prevent further unrepairable damage. For that you need a splint.

Yes, you can DIY one of these, but a much more efficient and quick way to solve the problem is to get one of the specialty

items for this.

For example, I have the 36" SAM Splint in my kit.

5. Blood Clotting Agents

Due to the advancement of compact easy to use blood clotting agents to assist in stopping the bleeding, these should be kept in all medical kits. They are relatively inexpensive and there are different types for a variety of applications in different formats.

There's even a sponge that doubles as a wound clean up while spreading the clotting agent chemical on the wound, which makes for a faster treatment.

There are different brands, all with various merit, and Amazon or E-bay has most of them. The basic ones would be Celox or Quick Clot brand in a granular form.

6. Miscellaneous

At a minimum, you should have a sealable freezer bag with alcohol pads, antibiotic cream/pads/powder, a sealed roll of heavier gauze and a role of at least 10 yards of waterproof adhesive medical tape or duct tape, some pain killers, and anything else you might personally consider essential.

I know everybody carries a knife but if you can find room for a handy small sharp set of scissors to cut pads and tapes that would also be worthwhile and work better for these applications.

Don't waste your money on a cheap one. Even though you might have had some training also carry a small but comprehensive first aid manual in your bag to keep you reminded how to do things. They have some really good ones out there now. And if you have prescription medication, you should try to have enough in your BOMB to last for far longer than you would think.



21 MEDICAL KIT MUST HAVES FOR TREATING A GUNSHOT WOUND WHEN THE SHIT!

Building Your SHTF Gunshot Survival Kit

To possess a fast and effective medical pouch, designed specifically for traumatic combat injury is the big not-bug, is a necessity in times of social collapse. The main Purpose of the kit is to stop bleeding as promptly as possible so that the bullet or shrapnel can be removed and the wound be sealed.

A list of essential items especially used by EMT's and Military personnel to build one's own kit, are as follows:



- MEDICAL POUCH**
A small medical pouch with multiple straps allows you to keep your trauma kit on the outside of your pack for easy accessibility by your team mates.
- BATTLE DRESSING**
It is a large compression bandage. To avoid fatality and shock due to blood loss, supplement this with a large surgical dressing.
- ROLL OF GAUZE**
Used to wrap the wound and add to compression.
- MEDICAL TAPE**
A must in the kit, should be stocked enough.
- NITRIL GLOVES**
These emergency gloves are thicker and stronger and more allergic proof than latex gloves.
- TRAUMA SHEARS**
Very important and is used to strip away cloth around the wound. It cuts tags, gauze, makeshift bandages etc.
- EXTRA LONG TWEEZERS**
Used to remove all foreign materials, shrapnel or bits of clothing material (gone deep into the wound) to avoid further infection.
- COMBAT TOURNIQUET**
Cuts off the blood flow to a heavily damaged point. The CAT Combat Application is widely recommended.
- HEMOSTAT FORCEPS**
Clamps off damaged arteries while repairing a wound.
- STERILE SCALPEL**
Used to open the wound channel for easy removal of foreign materials.
- CELOX BLOOD STOPPER**
A coagulating agent poured into the wound to stop bleeding quickly. Do not expect to be cleaned out before the wound is closed.
- CELOX GRANULE APPLICATOR**
An injector with plunger to be injected into the core of the wound.
- IRRIGATION PLUNGER**
To avoid further infections, wounds should be irrigated with a non-sterile sterile solution eg. Saline.
- SMALL BOTTLE OF HYDROGEN PEROXIDE**
Used to sterilize your hands and tools. Not to be used on the inside of wounds.
- HALO CHEST SEAL**
Best seal for chest wounds that works even when the wound is vacuum. It stops air from entering a lung is punctured (2 seals per package).
- NASOPHARYNGEAL AIRWAY**
Allows ample oxygen for breathing in the advent of strong chlorine and prevents shock.
- SUTURES**
Most common are the needle and thread versions. Threads should be of silk or any other material to prevent infection. Suture-Staple suture can be used in case of shortage of time. A Suture-Staple Stapler can be used for faster and less painful results.
- LARGE INSTANT HEAT PACKS**
Two large instant heat packs for extra heat to the patient's circulation along with blanket to avoid trauma. Tape one pack to the chest and another near the femoral artery.

OTHER ITEMS TO BE KEPT HANDY FOR POST-OP ON A COMBAT WOUND ARE:

- ANTIBIOTICS**
Needed to reduce infection or shock induced by infection.
- ISOTONIC SALINE IV**
To replace fluids and increase circulation, and if with isotonic saline can be deployed.
- BLOOD PLASMA IV**
Although some programs can store their blood now and make it ready to be administered by IV, this process requires further research with one's resident medical expert.

Although average Americans are being forced to plan for violent trauma to themselves, this is the reality we will soon be living in. Hence it is high time to come out of all illusions and equip oneself as far as possible for the worst, whenever it comes.

PREPPER FOR LIFE **IndoGraphic**

DIY or Store Bought?

My assortment described above is DIY in choice and packing, and suits my particular potential tactical situations and training experience, but the actual individual items are all commercially available.

It's really not worth the time or even cost effective to hand fabricate your own sutures or mix some obscure herbal blood clotting powder or herbal antiseptic and try to seal it properly with all the latest advanced and very affordable stuff out there now ready to go.

With the exception of maybe Cayenne pepper, which has excellent wound antiseptic AND blood clotting action AND has other multiple uses, like spicing up that juicy sewer rat, you just caught for dinner at the campsite. So I always have a bag of Cayenne pepper handy in the BOB, as well.

Also some extra antibiotics you may have had laying around for some previous issue would be good to have in there.

All of the above items can be purchased on E-bay or Amazon for an average of \$10 to \$30 each, so my BOMB cost me, including a surplus mole bag, under \$100.

While that's not dirt cheap, it's a lot less than some of the already assembled GSTW bags/kits which contain a lot of good stuff—while nice to have long term—is not that essential to the individual carry bug out mission carry in a single person escape situation. Weight is important so my kit is a bare minimalist version. And it all fits snugly in a pack a little larger than a gallon of milk attached to the outside of my BOB.

But if you don't feel like DIY and just want to buy it complete and ready but really want to see the most inexpensive basic GSTW kits, go to the E-bay page on Gun Shot Wound Trauma kits and check out the 'Quick Clot Level 1 Trauma kit/gunshot

stab wounds' for only \$29.95. It's sealed and includes a pack of clotting granulate.

I think there are even cheaper ones but, in my humble opinion, it should include a clotting agent for those nasty, squirting, spurting, sickenly sloppy fountains of blood coming out of wounds like Yellowstone Geysers that you need to throw everything on at once for any hope of stopping the bleeding before there's too much loss.

But remember you can mix and match and if a kit you like doesn't have a pack of clotting agent you can buy it separately.

Those of you who are highly perspicacious survival medics likely noticed why I chose the above particular supplies in view of several other very good choices. It was because these are easier to use in self-administered first aid. Even if you are wounded in one arm, you can operate the RATS and the other items, and apply them with one hand.

If you are serious about this sort of [medical emergency](#), make sure you get some training or at least study a good emergency medicine manual and learn how to properly use your equipment.

You might have to buy extra sets of items to practice with while you keep the unopened sealed ones in your BOMB. There are now several free emergency wound treatment videos on line that are virtual medical school tutorials because they are graphic and use surrogate animal tissue in demonstration to create an authentic representation of the wound.

Good Luck!

But we all know that true survival is never about luck.



CLICK HERE

**to find out more on the first aid
techniques that will save your life
when the health system is down!**

*This article has been written by **Mahatma Muhjesbude** for [Survivopedia](#).*

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